## Amendments to the Claims

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

## Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently amended) A process for identifying a compound which selectively induces the mitochondrial permeability transition (MPT) in a proliferating cells compared to a non-proliferating cells or growth quiescent cell, wherein said process comprises
  - (a) (i) contacting a proliferating cell or cell extract with a compound, and
    - (ii) contacting a non-proliferating or growth quiescent cell or cell extract with the compound,
  - (b) determining whether measuring binding of the compound binds to adenine nucleotide translocator (ANT) in the proliferating cell or cell extract,

    wherein the compound binds to ANT in the proliferating cell or cell extract, and
  - (c) (i) measuring the induction of the MPT in the proliferating cell or cell extract, and
    - (ii) measuring the induction of the MPT in the non-proliferating or growth quiescent cell or cell extract,
  - wherein, and determining whether the compound selectively induces the MPT in the proliferating cells or cell extract but not in the compared to non-proliferating or growth quiescent cells or cell extract.
- (Currently amended) A process for screening a plurality of compounds to identify a compound which selectively induces MPT in a proliferating cells compared to a non-proliferating cells or growth quiescent cell, wherein said process comprises

- (a) (i) contacting a proliferating cell or a cell extract with the plurality of compounds, and
  - (ii) contacting a non-proliferating or growth quiescent cell or cell extract with the plurality of compounds,
- (b) measuring binding of determining whether any of the compounds bind to ANT,
  - wherein the plurality of compounds bind to ANT in the proliferating cell or cell extract, and and if so, separately determining for each of the plurality of compounds
- (c) (i) measuring the induction of the MPT in the proliferating cell or cell extract, and
  - (ii) measuring the induction of the MPT in the non-proliferating or growth quiescent cell or cell extract

whether wherein at least one of the plurality of compounds the compound selectively induces the MPT in the proliferating cell or cell extracts compared but not in to the non-proliferating or growth quiescent cells or cell extract.

- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Currently amended) The process of claim 1, wherein said determination measurement of induction of the MPT involves measuring changes in Cytochrome C release.
- (Currently amended) The process of claim 1, wherein said determination
   <u>measurement</u> of induction of the MPT involves measuring changes in cellular
   superoxide concentration.
- 6. (withdrawn) A process of inducing MPT in a vertebrate, wherein the method comprises administering to the vertebrate a therapeuctically effective amount of at least one compound identified in accordance with the process of claim 1, or a

therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one of said compounds together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant and/or diluent.

- 7. (withdrawn) A process of inducing apoptosis in proliferating mammalian cells, comprising administering to the mammal an apoptosis-inducing amount of a compound identified in accordance with the process of claim 1, or a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one of the compounds together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant and/or diluent.
- 8. (withdrawn) A process of inhibiting angiogenesis in a mammal, comprising administering to the mammal an angiogenesis-inhibiting amount of a compound identified in accordance with the process of claim 1, or a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one of said compounds together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant and/or diluent.
- 9. (previously presented) The process of claim 1, wherein the compound is a dithiol reactive compound.
- 10. (previously presented) The process of claim 1, wherein the compound has an arsenoxide (or arsenoxide equivalent) moiety.
- 11. (original) The process of claim 10, wherein the compound is of the formula (I):

$$A-[(XBX')_nB'-Y]_p (I)$$

wherein

A comprises at least one pendant group;

 $(XBX')_nB'$  comprises a suitable linker group, wherein X is selected from the group consisting of -NR, -S(O)-, -S(O)O-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>O-, -C(O)-, -C(S)-, -C(O)O-, C(S)O-, -C(S)S-, -P(O)(R<sub>1</sub>)-, and -P(O)(R<sub>1</sub>)O-, or is absent;

B is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylene,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenylene,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylene,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylene,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$ 

heterocycloalkylene,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenylene,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylene, heteroarylene and  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  acyl;

 $X' \text{ is selected from the group consisting of -NR-, -O-, -S-, -Se-, -S-S-, S(O)-,}\\ -OS(O)-, OS(O)O-, -OS(O)_2, -OS(O)_2O-, -S(O)O-, -S(O)_2-, -S(O)_2O-,\\ -OP(O)(R_1)-, -OP(O)(R_1)O-, -OP(O)(R_1)OP(O)(R_1)O-, -C(O)-, -C(S)-, -C(O)O-, C(S)O-,\\ -C(S)S-, -P(O)(R_1)-, -P(O)(R_1)O-, \text{ and}\\ -$ 

B' is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylene,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenylene,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylene,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylene,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkylene,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenylene,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylene, and heteroarylene or is absent; and wherein

each R is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, heteroaryl,  $OR_2$  and  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  acyl;

R' is the same as R or two R' may be taken together with the nitrogen atoms to which they are attached to form a 5 or 6-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocyclic ring;

each  $R_1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, heteroaryl, halo,  $OR_2$  and  $N(R)_2$ ;

each  $R_2$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, heteroaryl and -C(O) $R_5$ ;

each  $R_5$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, heteroaryl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyloxy,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$ 

 $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyloxy,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyloxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy, heteroaryloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkenylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkynylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylthio,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkylthio,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio, heteroarylthio, OH, SH and N(R)<sub>2</sub>;

wherein for each instance that B and/or B' is arylene, the substituents directly attached to the respective arylene rings (including arsenoxide or arsenoxide equivalent) may be in a para-, meta- or ortho- relationship; and

wherein each alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, cycloalkylene, cycloalkenylene, heterocycloalkylene, heterocycloalkenylene, arylene, heteroarylene and acyl may be independently substituted with hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, heteroaryl, cyano, cyanate, isocyanate,  $OR_{2a}$ ,  $OR_{2a}$ , OR

wherein R, R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are as defined above; and

 $R_{2a}$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, -S(O)R<sub>3</sub>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>, -P(O)(R<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, N(R)<sub>2</sub> and -C(O)R<sub>5</sub>;

each  $R_3$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, heteroaryl,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkoxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkynyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyloxy,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyloxy,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyloxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy, heteroaryloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkenylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  alkynylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylthio,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylthio,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  arylthio, heteroarylthio and  $N(R)_2$ ;

each R<sub>4</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>

alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryl, heteroaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>- $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyloxy,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyloxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylthio, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkylthio, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenylthio, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> arylthio, heteroarylthio, halo and N(R)<sub>2</sub>;

 $R_6$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$ alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryl, heteroaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkenylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkynylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylthio, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkylthio, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenylthio, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> arylthio, heteroarylthio, -S(O)R<sub>3</sub>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub> and  $-C(O)R_5$ 

R" is the same as R or two R" taken together with the N atom to which they are attached may form a saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic ring system;

Q is selected from halogen and -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>Q<sub>1</sub>; wherein Q<sub>1</sub> is selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> perfluoroalkyl, phenyl, p-methylphenyl; and

m is 1 to 5,

n is an integer from 0 to 20

Y comprises at least one arsenoxide or arsenoxide equivalent;

p is an integer from 1 to 10, and wherein the compound of formula (I) has more than 6 carbon atoms.

- (original) The process of claim 11, wherein A is selected from the group consisting of 12. natural unnatural and synthetic amino acids, hydrophilic amines, peptides, polypeptides, sugar residues, oligosaccharides, and thiol containing proteins, small acid residues, hydroxyl containing residues, or a combination thereof.
- (original) The process of claim 12, wherein said hydrophilic amine is selected from 13. primary alkylamines, primary arylamines, primary aralkylamines, secondary alkylamines, secondary arylamines, secondary aralkylamines, tertiary alkylamines, tertiary arylamines and tertiary aralkylamines, and heterocyclic amines.

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- (previously presented) The process of claim 12, wherein A is selected from the group 14. consisting of dipeptides, tripeptides, tetrapeptides, pentapeptides, glutathione, glucosamine, saccharides, disaccharides, oligosaccharides, wherein the sulfur atom of each sulfur containing residue may be optionally oxidised to form a sulfoxide or sulfone.
- (original) The process of claim 14, wherein A is selected from a peptide comprising one 15. or more of cysteinylglycine, cysteic acid, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, lysine, and arginine: glucose, fructose, mannose, xylose, lyxose, galactose, hexose, sucrose, sorbose, galactosyl-sucrose, sorbitol, mannitol, and xylitol.
- (previously presented) The process of claim 11, wherein 16.

X is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)-, -C(S)-, -C(O)O-, C(S)O-, and -C(S)S-, or is absent;

B is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylene, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenylene, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynylene, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylene, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylene, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> arylene and C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> acyl;

X' is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -NR-, -S-S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-,  $-P(O)(R_1)$ -,  $-OP(O)(R_1)$ -,  $OP(O)(R_1)O$ -,  $-OP(O)(R_1)OP(O)(R_1)O$ -, -C(O)-, -C(S)-, -C(O)O-, C(S)O-, -C(S)S-, -Se-,

, or is absent; wherein E is O, S or  $N(R)_2^+$ ;

n is 0, 1 or 2; and

B' is  $C_1$ - $C_5$  selected from the group consisting of alkylene,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkenylene, C2-C5 alkynylene, C3-C10 cycloalkylene, C5-C10 cycloalkenylene, and C6-C12 arylene, or is absent; and wherein

each R is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, C2-C5 alkenyl, C2-C5 alkynyl, C3-C10 cycloalkyl, C5-C10 cycloalkenyl, C6-C12 aryl,  $OR_2$  and  $C_2$ - $C_{10}$  acyl;

R' is the same as R;

each R<sub>1</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, C2-C5 alkenyl, C2-C5 alkynyl, C3-C10 cycloalkyl, C5-C10 cycloalkenyl, C6-C12 aryl, halo,  $OR_2$  and  $N(R)_2$ ;

each R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, and  $-C(O)R_5$ ;

each R<sub>5</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyloxy, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryloxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylthio, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylthio, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> arylthio, OH, SH, and N(R)<sub>2</sub>;

wherein for each instance that B and/or B' is arylene, the substituents directly attached to the respective arylene rings (including arsenoxide or arsenoxide equivalent), may be in a para-, meta- or ortho- relationship, and

wherein each alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, cycloalkylene, cycloalkenylene, arylene, and acyl may be independently substituted with hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryl, cyano, halo, cyanate, isocyanate, OR<sub>2a</sub>, SR<sub>6</sub>, nitro, arsenoxide, -S(O)R<sub>3</sub>, -OS(0)R<sub>3</sub>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>,  $-OS(O)_2R_3$ ,  $-P(O)R_4R_4$ ,  $-OP(O)R_4R_4$ ,  $-N(R'')_2$ ,  $NRC(O)(CH_2)_mQ$ ,  $-C(O)R_5$ ,

$$R_{4}$$
  $R_{1+}$   $R_{1+}$   $R_{1+}$   $R_{2}$   $R_{3}$   $R_{4}$   $R_{5}$   $R$ 

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wherein R. R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are as defined above; and

 $R_{2a}$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, -S(O)R<sub>3</sub>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>,  $-P(O)(R_4)_2$ ,  $N(R)_2$  and  $-C(O)R_5$ ;

each R<sub>3</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, C2-C5 alkenyl, C2-C5 alkynyl, C3-C10 cycloalkyl, C5-C10 cycloalkenyl, C6-C12 aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyloxy, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryloxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylthio,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio and  $N(R)_2$ ;

each R<sub>4</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>

alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyloxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_5$  alkenylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_5$  alkynylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_5$  cycloalkylthio,  $C_5$ - $C_5$  cycloalkenylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio, halo and  $N(R)_2$ ;

R<sub>6</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkenylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkynylthio, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylthio, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio,  $-S(O)R_3$ ,  $-S(O)_2R_3$  and  $-C(O)R_5$ ,

R" is the same as R;

O is selected from the group consisting of halogen and  $-OS(O)_2O_1$ ; wherein  $O_1$  is selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> perfluoroalkyl, phenyl, p-methylphenyl;

m is 1 to 5.

## (previously presented) The process of claim 11, wherein 17.

X is absent;

B is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylene, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> arylene and C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> acyl;

X' is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -NR-, -S-S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-,- $P(O)(R_1)$ -, -C(O)-, -C(S)-, -C(O)O-, C(S)O-, -Se-, and

n is 0, 1 or 2; and

B' is  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylene,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylene or is absent; and wherein each R is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl,  $OR_2$  and  $C_2$ - $C_5$  acyl;

R' is the same as R;

each R<sub>1</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, halo,  $OR_2$  and  $N(R)_2$ ;

each R<sub>2</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl and - $C(O)R_5$ ;

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each  $R_5$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkoxy,  $C_3$ - $C_5$  alkenyloxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyloxy,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyloxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_5$  alkenylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylthio,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio, OH, SH and N(R)<sub>2</sub>;

wherein for each instance that B and/or B' is arylene, the substituents directly attached to the respective arylene rings (including arsenoxide or arsenoxide equivalent) may be in a para-, meta- or ortho- relationship, and

wherein each alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, cycloalkylene, cycloalkenylene, arylene, and acyl may be independently substituted with hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, halo, cyano, cyanate, isocyanate,  $OR_{2a}$ ,  $SR_6$ , nitro, arsenoxide,  $-S(O)R_3$ ,  $-OS(O)R_3$ ,  $-S(O)_2R_3$ ,  $-OS(O)_2R_3$ ,  $-P(O)R_4R_4$ ,  $-OP(O)R_4R_4$ ,  $-N(R'')_2$ ,  $-NRC(O)(CH_2)_mQ$ ,  $-C(O)R_5$ ,

$$R_{4}$$
  $R_{1+}$   $O^{-}$   $I_{1+}$   $P^{-}$   $R_{4}$  ,  $N^{-}$   $R$  or  $N^{-}$   $R$  ;  $R_{4}$ 

wherein R, R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are as defined above; and

 $R_{2a}$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, -S(O) $R_3$ , -S(O) $_2R_3$ , -P(O)( $R_4$ ) $_2$  and -C(O) $R_5$ ;

each  $R_3$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkoxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyloxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio and  $N(R)_2$ ;

each  $R_4$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkoxy,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyloxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy, halo and  $N(R)_2$ ;

 $R_6$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylthio,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio, -S(O) $R_3$ , -S(O) $R_3$ , and -C(O) $R_5$ ,

R" is the same as R;

Q is selected from halogen and -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>Q<sub>1</sub>; wherein Q<sub>1</sub> is selected from C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>

alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> perfluoroalkyl, phenyl, p-methylphenyl; and m is 1 to 5.

18. (previously presented) The process of claim 11, wherein

X is absent;

B is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylene,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylene and  $C_2$ - $C_5$  acyl;

X' is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -S-, -NR-, -C(O)-, and -C(O)O-, or is absent;

n is 1; and

B' is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkylene, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> arylene or is absent; and

R is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl and  $C_2$ - $C_5$  acyl;

wherein for each instance that B and/or B' is arylene, the substituents directly attached to the respective arylene rings (including arsenoxide or arsenoxide equivalent), may be in a para-, meta- or ortho- relationship, and

wherein each alkylene, arylene, and acyl may be independently substituted with hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_5$  alkynyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, halo, cyano, cyanate, isocyanate,  $OR_{2a}$ ,  $SR_6$ , nitro, arsenoxide,  $-S(O)R_3$ ,  $-S(O)_2R_3$ ,  $-P(O)R_4R_4$ ,  $-N(R'')_2$ ,  $-NRC(O)(CH_2)_mQ$ ,  $-C(O)R_5$ ,

$$R_{4}$$
  $R_{1+}$   $R_{1+}$   $R_{1+}$   $R_{2}$   $R_{3}$   $R_{4}$   $R_{4}$   $R_{5}$   $R_{7}$   $R_{1+}$   $R_{2}$   $R_{3}$   $R_{4}$   $R_{5}$   $R_{5}$   $R_{5}$ 

wherein each R is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl and  $C_2$ - $C_5$  acyl;

 $R_{2a}$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, -  $S(O)R_3$ , - $S(O)_2R_3$ , - $P(O)(R_4)_2$  and - $C(O)R_5$ ;

each  $R_3$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkoxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylthio, and  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio;

each  $R_4$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkoxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio, halo

and  $N(R)_2$ ;

each  $R_5$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkoxy,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio, OH, SH and  $N(R)_2$ ;

 $R_6$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylthio,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  arylthio, -S(O) $R_3$ , -S(O) $_2R_3$  and -C(O) $R_5$ ,

R" is the same as R above;

Q is selected from halogen and  $-OS(O)_2Q_1$ ; wherein  $Q_1$  is selected from  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1-C_4$  perfluoroalkyl, phenyl, p-methylphenyl; and

m is, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

19. (previously presented) The process of claim 11, wherein

X is absent;

B is  $C_2$ - $C_5$  acyl;

X' is NR;

n is 1;

B' is phenylene; and

R is H;

wherein the substituents directly attached to the phenylene ring may be in a para-, meta- or ortho- relationship.

20. (original) The process of claim 19, wherein said compound is:

wherein  $R_7$  to  $R_{10}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro, carboxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkoxy, -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub> and -NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>Q wherein Q is halogen, -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>,

- -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub> and -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>-p tolyl; and wherein, when any one of R<sub>7</sub> to R<sub>10</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub> it is capable of forming a fused ring with the phenylene; and further wherein, at least one of R<sub>7</sub> to R<sub>10</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, or -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>, in combination with at least any one other of R<sub>7</sub> to R<sub>10</sub>, is capable of forming a fused ring with the phenylene.
- 21. (original) The process of claim 20, wherein R<sub>7</sub> to R<sub>10</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro, cyano, carboxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, phenyl and -NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>Q wherein Q is halogen, -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub> and -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>-p tolyl.
- 22. (previously presented) The process of claim 19, wherein the arsenoxide (-As=O) group is at the 4-position of the phenylene ring.
- 23. (previously presented) The process of claim 1, wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

$$H_{2N}$$
 $H_{2N}$ 
 $H$ 

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2N$ 
 $H_3$ 
 $H_4$ 
 $H_2$ 
 $H_3$ 
 $H_4$ 
 $H_4$ 
 $H_4$ 
 $H_5$ 
 $H_4$ 
 $H_5$ 
 $H_6$ 
 $H_6$ 
 $H_7$ 
 $H_8$ 
 $H_$ 

24. (Previously presented) The process of claim 1, wherein the compound is represented by Formula VII:

wherein G is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro, carboxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyl and  $C_6$ - $C_{12}$  aryl and -NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>Q wherein Q is halogen, -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub> or -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>-p tolyl; and the arsenoxide group (-As=O) is optionally replaced by an arsenoxide equivalent as defined herein.

- 25. (original) The process of claim 24, wherein G is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro, carboxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoxy, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, tertbutyl, phenyl, and -NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>Q wherein Q is halogen, -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub> or -OS(O)<sub>2</sub>-p tolyl.
- 26. (previously presented) The process of claim 24, wherein G is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, fluorine, amino, and nitro.
- 27. (Previously presented) The process of claim 24, wherein the arsenoxide group (-As=O) is replaced by an arsenoxide equivalent as defined herein.
- 28. (Original) The process of claim 27, wherein the arsenoxide equivalent is any dithiol reactive species that shows essentially the same affinity towards dithiols as -As=O.

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